



# The Labor Market Report

The Tennessee Department of Labor and Workforce

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Governor

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January 2011 Data

## Special Points of Interest:

- Labor Surplus Areas in Tennessee FY 2011
- 2010 Labor Market Report Directory
- Tennessee Historical Civilian Labor Force Series, 1981 to Present
- County Unemployment Rates
- Civilian Labor Force Summary (All Areas)
- Hours and Earnings
- State Unemployment Insurance Activities

## Inside This Issue:

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## What is a Labor Surplus Area ?

Labor surplus areas are classified by civil jurisdictions rather than by metropolitan areas or labor market areas. Civil jurisdictions are defined as all cities with a population of at least 25,000 and all counties.

A civil jurisdiction becomes a labor surplus area when its average unemployment rate was at least 20 percent above the average unemployment rate for all states during the previous two calendar years. During periods of high national unemployment, this 20 percent is disregarded and an area is classified as a labor surplus area if its unemployment rate during the previous two calendar years was 10 percent or more. This 10-percent ceiling comes into effect whenever the two-year average unemployment rate for all states was above 8.3 percent. Similarly, a floor of 6 percent is used during periods of low national unemployment in order for an area to qualify as a labor surplus area. The 6-percent floor

comes into effect whenever the average unemployment rate for all states during the two-year reference period was less than 5 percent.

The Department of Labor issues the labor surplus area list each fiscal year. This list starts on October 1 and ends the following September 30. The reference period used in preparing the current list was January 2008 through December 2009. The national average unemployment rate during this period was 7.6 percent. The qualifying rate for a FY 2010 labor surplus area classification was 9.1 percent or above.

Some counties that do not qualify have current rates substantially higher than 9.1 percent. These areas were lower during the beginning of 2008 and do not meet qualifications. These counties have experienced both significant and projected long-term increases in unemployment and may be eligible under exceptional circum-

stances. The exceptional circumstances provision is a written petition requesting inclusion as a labor surplus area by the state workforce agency to the U.S. Department of Labor's Employment and Training Administration.

The current conditions for exceptional circumstances classification are: an area unemployment rate of at least 9.1 percent for each of the three most recent months, projected unemployment of at least 9.1 percent for each of the next 12 months, and documented information that the exceptional circumstances event has already occurred.

The following labor surplus areas are in effect from October 1, 2010, through September 30, 2011.

## Eligible Labor Surplus Areas in Tennessee

Bedford County  
Benton County  
Bledsoe County  
Campbell County  
Cannon County  
Carroll County  
Chester County  
Claiborne County  
Clay County  
Cocke County  
Columbia city (Maury)  
Crockett County  
Cumberland County

Decatur County  
Dyer County  
Fayette County  
Fentress County  
Gallatin city (Sumner)  
Gibson County  
Giles County  
Grainger County  
Greene County  
Grundy County  
Hancock County  
Hardeman County  
Hardin County

Hawkins County  
Haywood County  
Henderson County  
Henry County  
Hickman County  
Houston County  
Humphreys County  
Jackson city (Madison)  
Jackson County  
Jefferson County  
Johnson County  
Lake County  
Lauderdale County

# 2010 *Labor Market Report* Directory

Articles of interest published in the 2010 issues of *The Labor Market Report* are listed below. You may request copies by e-mailing us at [wayne.meisels@tn.gov](mailto:wayne.meisels@tn.gov). Back issues of *The Labor Market Report* are also on the Internet at <http://www.tennessee.gov/labor-wfd/lmr>.

## JANUARY

- The 2009 LMR Directory. Articles published in the 2009 issues of *The Labor Market Report*.
- *What are Labor Surplus Areas Classifications?* A list of the Tennessee counties that are eligible labor surplus areas in 2010.

## FEBRUARY

- A note about the upcoming 2010 Census and a look at the history of changes in the data collected by the census.

## MARCH

- *Per Capita Personal Income by States From 2008 to 2009*. A look at the changes in per capita income in each state and the largest declines in 60 years.

## APRIL

- *Annual Average Nonfarm Employment, 2005 to 2009*. The changes on nonfarm employment in Tennessee and the four major MSAs during the previous five years. The data are categorized by major industry totals.

## MAY

- *County Population Estimates in 2000, 2002, 2006, 2008, and 2009*. Shows population growth over the last decade.

## JUNE

- *Annual Average Unemployment for the Metropolitan and Micropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs) During the Last Decade*. Labor force and unemployment data from 2001 until 2009 for large county groupings.

## JULY

- *E-Commerce Activity in the U.S. in 2008*. Data from five different census surveys measuring the effects and growth of e-trade on the economy.

## AUGUST

- *National Longitudinal Survey of Youth*. This article was adapted from a Bureau of Labor Statistics study with teenagers in 1997. These young adults have been tracked by educational attainment, race, and sex. The data shows their employment status a decade later.

## SEPTEMBER

- *Per Capita Personal Income by County and MSA from 2005 to 2008*. This article shows the increases and declines of income for Tennesseans in each county and metro area.

## OCTOBER

- *Fun Facts About World Statistics Day* is adapted from an article by the Census Bureau. There is information about statisticians and some of the data that they collect that we use on a daily basis.

## NOVEMBER

- *Latest Census Shows Regional Gains* is information from the first release of information from the 2010 Census. It shows the population by states and the growth and decline that affects the apportionment of representatives in Congress.

## DECEMBER

- *Annual Union Members by State in 2010* gives information on the size, percentage of the workforce, and general decline of union membership in each state from 2009 to 2010.

## Counties Designated As Eligible Labor Surplus Areas—Continued

Lawrence County  
Lewis County  
Macon County  
Marion County  
Marshall County  
McMinn County  
McNairy County  
Meigs County  
Memphis city (Shelby)  
Monroe County

Morgan County  
Morristown city (Hamblen)  
Overton County  
Perry County  
Pickett County  
Polk County  
Rhea County  
Scott County  
Sequatchie County  
Smith County

Stewart County  
Tipton County  
Trousdale County  
Unicoi County  
Van Buren County  
Warren County  
Wayne County  
Weakley County  
White County

# Statewide

## HISTORICAL CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

## UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BY COUNTY\*

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS)

MONTHLY DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

Year and Month	Civilian Labor Force						Unemployed	
	Total	Employment	Employed			Number	Rate (%)	
			Total	**Manu- facturing	**Trade			**Services
1981	2,123.1	1,927.6	1,775.4	506.9	379.9	304.4	195.5	9.2 %
1982	2,141.2	1,891.5	1,703.0	466.7	380.5	313.1	249.7	11.7
1983	2,188.2	1,932.4	1,719.0	468.6	389.9	323.4	255.8	11.7
1984	2,233.5	2,026.4	1,812.0	497.1	413.3	344.3	207.1	9.3
1985	2,255.7	2,070.0	1,867.8	492.4	435.3	360.2	185.7	8.2
1986	2,291.3	2,110.7	1,929.8	490.5	452.1	384.7	180.6	7.9
1987	2,324.1	2,166.5	2,011.6	497.4	477.2	408.9	157.6	6.8
1988	2,333.6	2,197.2	2,092.1	511.9	495.6	440.3	136.4	5.8
1989	2,364.9	2,241.3	2,167.2	524.5	508.4	467.2	123.6	5.2
1990	2,401.1	2,269.0	2,193.2	493.4	379.1	611.0	132.1	5.5
1991	2,425.4	2,266.0	2,183.6	480.3	373.0	626.7	159.4	6.6
1992	2,479.5	2,316.7	2,245.0	492.8	374.1	664.8	162.8	6.6
1993	2,543.3	2,391.6	2,328.5	502.8	382.5	709.8	151.7	6.0
1994	2,645.7	2,511.1	2,423.0	513.8	398.4	751.4	134.6	5.1
1995	2,718.0	2,574.0	2,498.9	518.0	412.6	795.0	144.0	5.3
1996	2,758.4	2,611.0	2,533.3	501.5	420.9	814.3	147.4	5.3
1997	2,788.3	2,640.0	2,584.0	498.0	430.5	849.7	148.3	5.3
1998	2,811.7	2,685.2	2,638.4	498.6	437.1	875.7	126.5	4.5
1999	2,838.7	2,722.1	2,685.3	494.7	443.6	900.8	116.6	4.1
2000	2,871.5	2,756.5	2,728.9	488.1	447.5	930.9	115.0	4.0
2001	2,863.5	2,728.5	2,688.3	454.2	446.6	921.5	135.0	4.7
2002	2,867.1	2,715.0	2,664.4	428.5	438.7	938.0	152.1	5.3
2003	2,896.1	2,731.4	2,667.5	414.1	440.8	950.3	164.8	5.7
2004	2,906.9	2,748.6	2,706.1	411.8	447.5	978.7	158.3	5.4
2005	2,938.9	2,775.6	2,743.1	408.8	454.6	1,005.6	163.3	5.6
2006	3,008.9	2,852.5	2,783.1	400.1	460.6	1,030.4	156.4	5.2
2007	3,021.5	2,874.2	2,797.4	380.0	463.5	1,052.8	147.3	4.9
2008	3,056.1	2,854.5	2,774.8	361.0	457.0	1,058.2	201.6	6.6
2009	3,020.0	2,703.0	2,619.9	309.2	427.8	1,025.3	317.0	10.5
2010	3,056.7	2,759.2	2,612.5	297.8	423.9	1,039.9	297.5	9.7
December 2010(r)	3,056.4	2,779.4	2,644.4	295.2	432.8	1,052.8	277.0	9.1 %
2011								
January (p)	3,054.4	2,742.9	2,581.1	293.5	418.5	1,022.3	311.5	10.2 %
February								
March								
April								
May								
June								
July								
August								
September								
October								
November								
December								

County	Jan 2010	Jan 2011	County	Jan 2010	Jan 2011
Anderson	10.3	9.4	Lauderdale	18.7	15.8
Bedford	13.2	11.7	Lawrence	17.1	14.2
Benton	14.5	13.5	Lewis	17.2	15.5
Bledsoe	15.6	13.2	Lincoln	8.2	6.8
Blount	10.4	9.3	Loudon	9.9	8.7
Bradley	10.0	9.7	Macon	11.9	12.2
Campbell	14.3	13.4	Madison	11.3	9.8
Cannon	10.8	11.6	Marion	12.3	12.6
Carroll	18.1	14.2	Marshall	20.0	16.0
Carter	11.3	10.7	Maury	16.4	14.4
Cheatham	9.9	10.1	McMinn	14.0	12.8
Chester	12.6	11.6	McNairy	14.0	13.3
Claiborne	12.8	13.3	Meigs	14.9	13.4
Clay	14.2	13.6	Monroe	16.3	14.7
Cocke	16.3	15.9	Montgomery	9.4	10.2
Coffee	11.0	10.9	Moore	11.1	9.7
Crockett	15.8	14.1	Morgan	12.1	11.6
Cumberland	13.1	12.9	Obion	10.3	10.5
Davidson	9.3	8.6	Overton	12.9	13.0
Decatur	15.1	12.9	Perry	20.2	15.0
DeKalb	11.3	10.3	Pickett	17.4	18.4
Dickson	11.9	11.2	Polk	12.8	14.1
Dyer	14.0	14.5	Putnam	10.0	9.6
Fayette	12.2	11.6	Rhea	14.7	13.0
Fentress	13.7	13.1	Roane	9.4	8.5
Franklin	11.6	11.0	Robertson	9.8	9.1
Gibson	15.8	13.2	Rutherford	9.9	8.8
Giles	15.7	12.2	Scott	18.1	23.2
Grainger	14.6	13.6	Sequatchie	13.3	10.4
Greene	16.2	13.2	Sevier	14.5	14.1
Grundy	14.6	13.9	Shelby	11.1	10.4
Hamblen	12.2	10.7	Smith	14.0	11.5
Hamilton	9.6	8.7	Stewart	14.7	13.7
Hancock	18.2	14.4	Sullivan	9.9	8.4
Hardeman	14.4	13.4	Sumner	10.0	9.1
Hardin	13.8	13.0	Tipton	13.0	11.4
Hawkins	11.7	9.6	Trousdale	12.1	13.1
Haywood	18.3	15.0	Unicoi	13.4	12.4
Henderson	19.8	15.0	Union	11.4	10.9
Henry	14.9	13.3	Van Buren	17.2	14.1
Hickman	13.9	12.8	Warren	13.9	12.3
Houston	12.4	11.5	Washington	9.4	8.6
Humphreys	12.9	11.7	Wayne	15.3	14.5
Jackson	14.0	12.4	Weakley	12.6	11.9
Jefferson	14.9	13.2	White	13.8	14.1
Johnson	16.4	15.2	Williamson	8.5	6.7
Knox	8.4	7.5	Wilson	8.9	8.5
Lake	12.6	12.7			

(r)=revised

\*\*These industries not comparable to industry employment data before

(p)=preliminary

1990 because of changes to NAICS coding system.

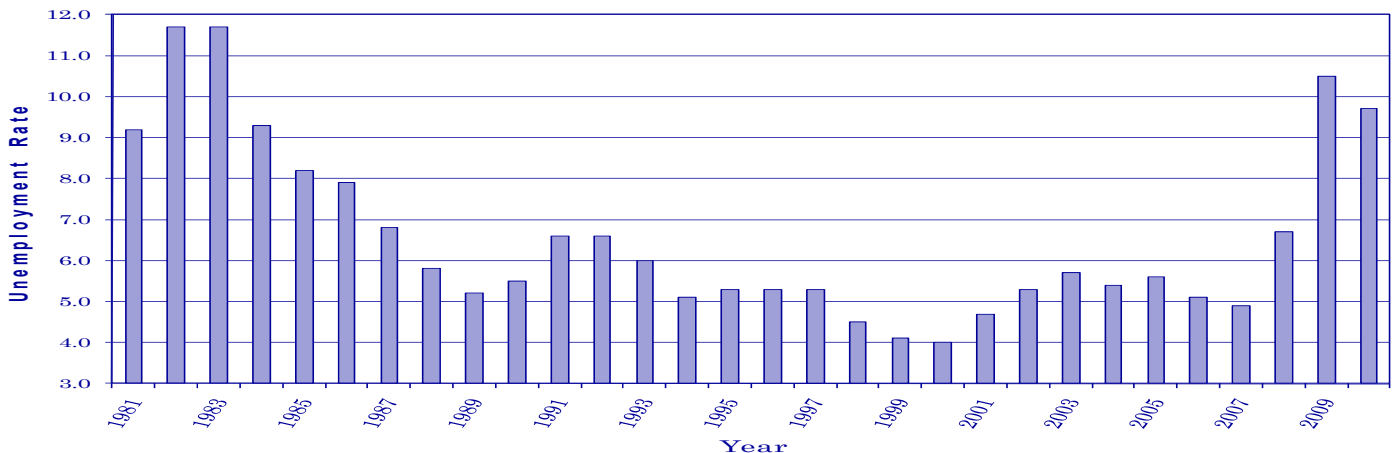
Trade = Wholesale and Retail Trade

Services = Professional/Business Services, Educational/Health Services,

Leisure/Hospitality, and Other Services.

\*Data Not Seasonally Adjusted

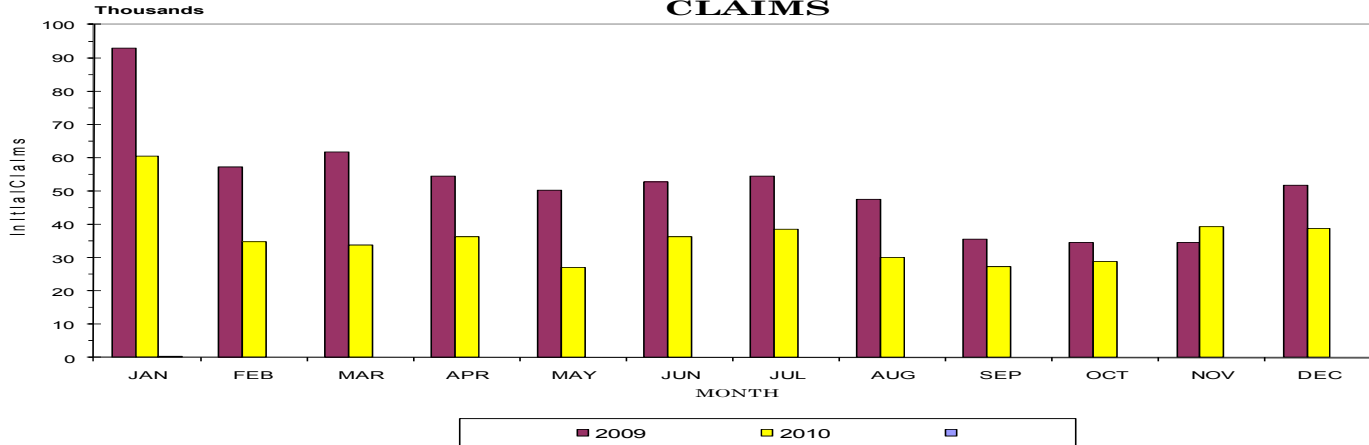
Unemployment Rates 1981-2010



# Statewide

## UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES (MOST RECENT AVAILABLE)

### MONTHLY INITIAL CLAIMS

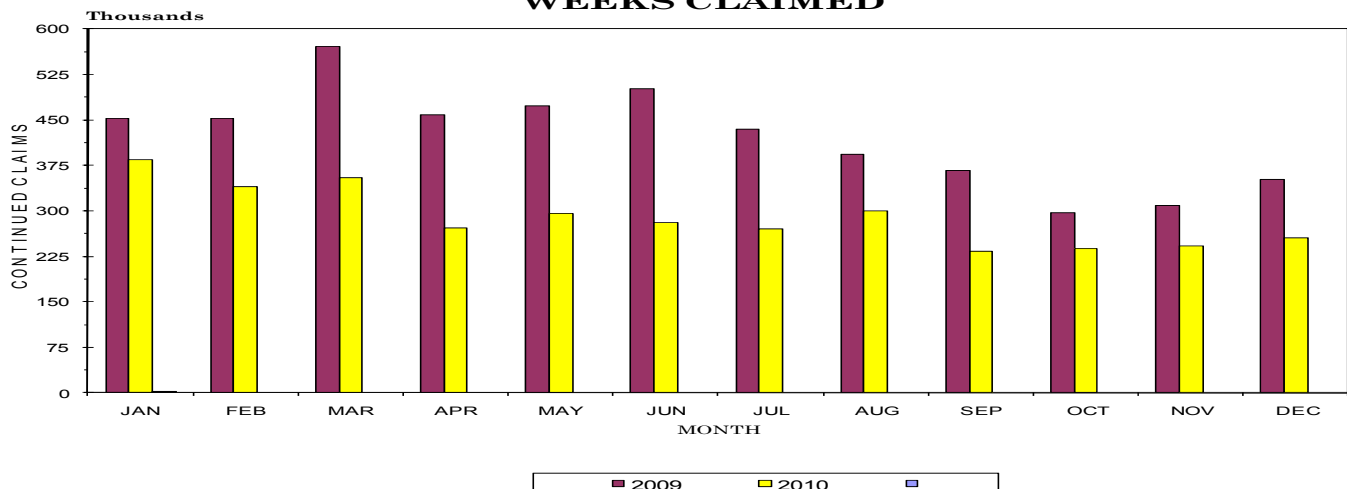


### BENEFIT PROGRAMS - DECEMBER 2010

STATE BENEFIT PROGRAM				FEDERAL BENEFIT PROGRAMS			
CLAIMS	Dec. 2009	Nov. 2010	Dec. 2010	FORMER FEDERAL EMPLOYEES	Dec. 2009	Nov. 2010	Dec. 2010
Initial Claims	51,854	39,268	38,736	Benefits Paid	\$375,117	\$848,424	\$722,898
Continued Weeks Claimed	351,940	242,839	255,003	Benefit Weeks Claimed	1,278	3,630	3,033
Nonmonetary Determinations	7,979	8,610	7,355	Initial Claims	118	207	181
Appeals Decisions	2,631	3,276	3,002	Continued Weeks Claimed	1,393	3,318	3,237
Lower Authority	2,393	2,059	2,143	Appeals Decisions	7	10	10
Higher Authority	238	1,217	859				
BENEFITS				FORMER MILITARY PERSONNEL			
Amount Paid	\$68,540,652	\$53,515,780	\$46,858,787	Benefits Paid	\$503,204	\$1,515,599	\$1,191,715
Benefit Weeks Paid	323,977	236,909	230,976	Benefit Weeks Claimed	1,690	4,541	3,729
Average Weekly Benefit Amount	\$224	\$233	\$234	Initial Claims	134	243	162
First Payments	19,079	13,726	16,460	Continued Weeks Claimed	1,836	4,236	3,762
Final Payments	11,830	8,925	7,738	Appeals Decisions	4	7	11
Average Weeks Duration	17	17	17				
Trust Fund Balance	\$144,541,237	\$181,267,847	\$142,385,293				

### CONTINUED WEEKS CLAIMED - DECEMBER 2010

### MONTHLY CONTINUED WEEKS CLAIMED



# Statewide

## ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	January 2010	Revised December 2010	Preliminary January 2011	Net Change	
				Jan. 2010 Jan. 2011	Dec. 2010 Jan. 2011
<b>Total Nonfarm</b>	<b>2,557.1</b>	<b>2,644.4</b>	<b>2,581.1</b>	24.0	-63.3
<b>Total Private</b>	<b>2,126.5</b>	<b>2,207.2</b>	<b>2,151.0</b>	24.5	-56.2
<b>Goods Producing</b>	<b>393.2</b>	<b>401.6</b>	<b>394.8</b>	1.6	-6.8
Mining, Logging, & Construction	97.5	106.4	101.3	3.8	-5.1
Manufacturing	295.7	295.2	293.5	-2.2	-1.7
Durable Goods Manufacturing	172.6	175.1	174.7	2.1	-0.4
Wood Product Manufacturing	10.8	10.6	10.4	-0.4	-0.2
Nonmetallic Mineral Product Manufacturing	10.8	11.0	10.7	-0.1	-0.3
Primary Metal Manufacturing	8.7	8.8	8.9	0.2	0.1
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	32.4	33.0	32.9	0.5	-0.1
Machinery Manufacturing	24.4	24.8	25.0	0.6	0.2
Computer & Electronic Product Manufacturing	5.8	5.5	5.4	-0.4	-0.1
Electrical Equipment & Appliance Manufacturing	16.4	16.9	16.7	0.3	-0.2
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	38.8	40.4	40.7	1.9	0.3
Furniture & Related Product Manufacturing	9.9	9.4	9.4	-0.5	0.0
Miscellaneous Manufacturing	14.6	14.7	14.6	0.0	-0.1
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	123.1	120.1	118.8	-4.3	-1.3
Textile Mills, Products, & Apparel	12.0	11.0	10.9	-1.1	-0.1
Food Manufacturing	32.1	31.8	31.5	-0.6	-0.3
Beverage & Tobacco Product Manufacturing	5.0	4.9	4.9	-0.1	0.0
Paper Manufacturing	15.7	14.8	14.8	-0.9	0.0
Printing & Related Support Activities	12.0	11.1	10.6	-1.4	-0.5
Chemical Manufacturing	25.3	25.2	25.0	-0.3	-0.2
Plastics & Rubber Products Manufacturing	19.4	19.6	19.5	0.1	-0.1
Plastics Product Manufacturing	10.8	10.5	10.4	-0.4	-0.1
Rubber Product Manufacturing	8.6	9.1	9.1	0.5	0.0
<b>Service Providing</b>	<b>2,163.9</b>	<b>2,242.8</b>	<b>2,186.3</b>	22.4	-56.5
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	546.5	569.8	552.5	6.0	-17.3
Wholesale Trade	116.6	118.2	117.2	0.6	-1.0
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	58.4	59.3	59.1	0.7	-0.2
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	41.8	42.0	41.1	-0.7	-0.9
Wholesale Electronic Markets	16.4	16.9	17.0	0.6	0.1
Retail Trade	301.9	314.6	301.3	-0.6	-13.3
Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers	36.1	37.9	37.4	1.3	-0.5
Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores	8.3	8.4	7.9	-0.4	-0.5
Building Material, Garden Equipment, & Supplies	24.1	24.3	23.7	-0.4	-0.6
Food & Beverage Stores	49.2	50.5	48.8	-0.4	-1.7
Health & Personal Care Stores	22.8	22.9	22.5	-0.3	-0.4
Gasoline Stations	20.5	21.0	20.3	-0.2	-0.7
Clothing & Clothing Accessories Stores	25.4	27.9	25.8	0.4	-2.1
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores	10.9	12.3	11.0	0.1	-1.3
General Merchandise Stores	70.1	74.2	70.3	0.2	-3.9
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	14.9	15.9	14.9	0.0	-1.0
Nonstore Retailers	8.6	8.5	8.3	-0.3	-0.2
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	128.0	137.0	134.0	6.0	-3.0
Utilities	3.3	3.3	3.3	0.0	0.0
Transportation & Warehousing	124.7	133.7	130.7	6.0	-3.0
Truck Transportation	50.6	55.3	54.7	4.1	-0.6
<b>Information</b>	<b>45.4</b>	<b>45.4</b>	<b>45.2</b>	-0.2	-0.2
Financial Activities	137.7	137.6	136.2	-1.5	-1.4
Finance & Insurance	105.9	106.2	105.7	-0.2	-0.5
Real Estate, Rental, & Leasing	31.8	31.4	30.5	-1.3	-0.9
Professional & Business Services	291.6	317.2	302.5	10.9	-14.7
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	107.0	108.6	108.5	1.5	-0.1
Management of Companies & Enterprises	26.0	27.5	27.5	1.5	0.0
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	158.6	181.1	166.5	7.9	-14.6
<b>Educational &amp; Health Services</b>	<b>366.4</b>	<b>378.8</b>	<b>375.0</b>	8.6	-3.8
Educational Services	44.3	47.9	45.3	1.0	-2.6
Health Care & Social Assistance	322.1	330.9	329.7	7.6	-1.2
Ambulatory Health Care Services	123.2	126.8	126.6	3.4	-0.2
Hospitals	102.5	105.1	104.9	2.4	-0.2
Nursing & Residential Care Facilities	55.3	56.6	56.6	1.3	0.0
Social Assistance	41.1	42.4	41.6	0.5	-0.8
Leisure & Hospitality	247.2	257.2	246.8	-0.4	-10.4
Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation	24.4	25.5	22.1	-2.3	-3.4
Accommodation & Food Services	222.8	231.7	224.7	1.9	-7.0
Accommodation	29.5	30.4	29.8	0.3	-0.6
Food Services & Drinking Places	193.3	201.3	194.9	1.6	-6.4
<b>Other Services</b>	<b>98.5</b>	<b>99.6</b>	<b>98.0</b>	-0.5	-1.6
<b>Government</b>	<b>430.6</b>	<b>437.2</b>	<b>430.1</b>	-0.5	-7.1
Federal Government	50.2	49.7	49.4	-0.8	-0.3
State Government	96.3	98.6	96.0	-0.3	-2.6
State Government Educational Services	47.4	50.0	46.8	-0.6	-3.2
Local Government	284.1	288.9	284.7	0.6	-4.2
Local Government Educational Services	150.2	152.0	149.3	-0.9	-2.7
State and Local Government	380.4	387.5	380.7	0.3	-6.8

## NONFARM EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR FORCE IN TENNESSEE

Total nonfarm employment increased by 24,000 jobs from January 2010 to January 2011. This includes increases in professional/business services (up 10,900 jobs), which includes an increase of 7,900 jobs in administrative/support/waste management; health care/social assistance (up 7,600 jobs), which includes an increase of 3,400 jobs in ambulatory health care services and 2,400 jobs in hospitals; transportation/warehousing (up 6,000 jobs), which includes an increase of 4,100 jobs in truck transportation; mining/logging/construction (up 3,800 jobs); transportation equipment manufacturing (up 1,900 jobs); accommodation/food services (up 1,900 jobs), which includes an increase of 1,600 jobs in food services/drinking places; motor vehicle/parts dealers (up 1,300 jobs). This was partially offset by decreases in arts/entertainment/recreation (down 2,300 jobs), financial activities (down 1,500 jobs), printing/related activities (down 1,400 jobs), and textiles mills/products/apparel (down 1,100 jobs).

During January, nonfarm employment decreased by 63,300 jobs. The post-holiday and weather-related seasonal decreases were in administrative/support/waste management (down 14,600 jobs); retail trade (down 13,300 jobs), which includes drops of 3,900 jobs in general merchandise stores, 2,100 jobs in clothing/clothing accessories stores, 1,700 jobs in food/beverage stores, and 1,000 jobs in miscellaneous store retailers; accommodation/food services (down 7,000 jobs), which includes a decline of 6,400 jobs in food services/drinking places; mining/logging/construction (down 5,100 jobs); local government (down 4,200 jobs); educational/health services (down 3,800 jobs), which includes declines of 2,600 jobs in educational services and 1,200 jobs in health care/social assistance; arts/entertainment/recreation (down 3,400 jobs); state government educational services (down 3,200 jobs); transportation/warehousing (down 3,000 jobs); and financial activities (down 1,400 jobs).

Tennessee's seasonally adjusted estimated unemployment rate for January 2011 was 9.5 percent, up 0.1 percent from the December 2010 rate.

The United States' unemployment rate was 9 percent in January 2011. In January 2010, the national unemployment rate was 9.7 percent, and the state's unemployment rate was 10.4 percent.

Across Tennessee, the unemployment rate increased in all 95 counties. There were 20 counties with an unemployment rate less than 10 percent, and 10 counties had a rate at or above 15 percent. Revised December 2010 rates had 37 counties with an unemployment rate less than 10 percent. In January, the lowest rate occurred in Williamson County at 6.7 percent, up 0.5 percent from the previous month. The highest rate was Scott County's 23.2 percent, up from 19.7 percent in December 2010.

The data from all the nonfarm employment estimates tables include all full- and part-time nonfarm wage and salary employees who worked during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded. These numbers may not add due to rounding. Data is based on the 2010 benchmark.



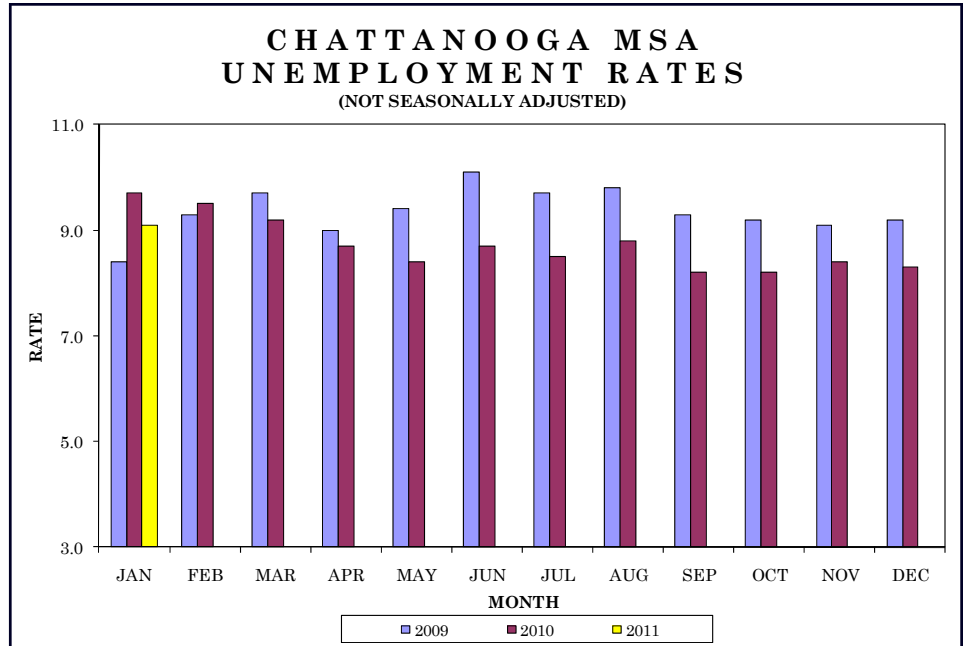
# CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

## CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY

	January 2010				December 2010				January 2011			
	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate
<b>Seasonally Adjusted</b>												
U.S.	153,353,000	138,511,000	14,842,000	9.7	153,690,000	139,206,000	14,485,000	9.4	153,186,000	139,323,000	13,863,000	9.0
TENNESSEE	3,050,500	2,732,500	318,000	10.4	3,063,100	2,776,200	286,900	9.4	3,072,600	2,782,200	290,400	9.5
<b>Not Seasonally Adjusted</b>												
U.S.	152,957,000	136,809,000	16,147,000	10.6	153,156,000	139,159,000	13,997,000	9.1	152,536,000	137,599,000	14,937,000	9.8
TENNESSEE	3,026,800	2,688,700	338,000	11.2	3,056,400	2,779,400	277,000	9.1	3,054,400	2,742,900	311,500	10.2
<b>Metropolitan Statistical Areas</b>												
Chattanooga	256,240	231,340	24,900	9.7	260,150	238,680	21,470	8.3	259,040	235,540	23,500	9.1
Clarksville	112,530	100,050	12,480	11.1	114,220	103,010	11,210	9.8	114,320	101,790	12,530	11.0
Cleveland	54,210	48,610	5,600	10.3	54,700	49,810	4,890	8.9	54,560	48,960	5,590	10.3
Jackson	55,690	49,280	6,410	11.5	56,180	51,020	5,150	9.2	55,880	50,250	5,640	10.1
Johnson City	100,010	89,730	10,280	10.3	101,480	93,040	8,450	8.3	100,580	91,000	9,580	9.5
Kingsport	146,660	131,800	14,860	10.1	146,510	134,690	11,820	8.1	148,730	135,640	13,090	8.8
Knoxville	358,630	325,910	32,720	9.1	366,100	339,180	26,920	7.4	364,740	334,960	29,780	8.2
Memphis	608,220	541,170	67,050	11.0	609,800	552,330	57,480	9.4	603,320	540,790	62,520	10.4
Morristown	63,370	54,730	8,640	13.6	63,560	56,780	6,780	10.7	63,470	55,770	7,700	12.1
Nashville	801,020	723,620	77,390	9.7	823,780	758,480	65,290	7.9	818,620	746,760	71,860	8.8
<b>Micropolitan Statistical Areas</b>												
Athens	23,180	19,930	3,250	14.0	23,140	20,430	2,710	11.7	23,320	20,320	3,000	12.8
Brownsville	9,520	7,780	1,740	18.3	8,800	7,550	1,250	14.2	8,940	7,600	1,340	15.0
Columbia	36,250	30,300	5,950	16.4	35,570	30,840	4,720	13.3	35,680	30,550	5,130	14.4
Cookeville	51,060	45,460	5,600	11.0	50,960	46,430	4,530	8.9	51,610	46,190	5,420	10.5
Crossville	22,830	19,840	2,990	13.1	22,820	20,320	2,490	10.9	23,010	20,040	2,970	12.9
Dyersburg	17,270	14,840	2,430	14.0	16,910	14,610	2,300	13.6	16,880	14,430	2,450	14.5
Greeneville	29,980	25,110	4,870	16.2	29,160	25,630	3,530	12.1	29,450	25,560	3,890	13.2
Harriman	27,340	24,770	2,570	9.4	27,850	25,760	2,090	7.5	28,110	25,720	2,380	8.5
Humboldt	21,470	18,070	3,400	15.8	21,470	18,870	2,600	12.1	21,610	18,760	2,840	13.2
LaFollette	16,480	14,130	2,350	14.3	16,540	14,630	1,910	11.6	16,720	14,480	2,240	13.4
Lawrenceburg	16,940	14,050	2,890	17.1	16,350	14,200	2,150	13.1	16,400	14,080	2,320	14.2
Lewisburg	12,490	9,990	2,490	20.0	12,020	10,190	1,830	15.2	12,150	10,200	1,950	16.0
Martin	15,810	13,820	1,990	12.6	15,180	13,590	1,590	10.5	14,950	13,170	1,780	11.9
McMinnville	16,980	14,630	2,350	13.9	16,780	14,970	1,810	10.8	17,180	15,070	2,120	12.3
Newport	16,430	13,750	2,670	16.3	16,370	14,240	2,130	13.0	16,570	13,940	2,630	15.9
Paris	13,720	11,680	2,040	14.9	13,440	11,890	1,560	11.6	13,540	11,740	1,800	13.3
Sevierville	48,070	41,120	6,950	14.5	48,310	43,680	4,630	9.6	48,180	41,390	6,790	14.1
Shelbyville	22,510	19,550	2,960	13.2	22,610	20,160	2,450	10.8	22,990	20,300	2,690	11.7
Tullahoma	47,550	42,200	5,350	11.2	48,020	43,400	4,620	9.6	47,880	42,670	5,210	10.9
Union City	17,740	15,830	1,920	10.8	17,540	15,790	1,750	10.0	17,650	15,730	1,920	10.9
<b>Cities</b>												
Bartlett	25,500	23,240	2,250	8.8	25,570	23,650	1,920	7.5	25,460	23,230	2,230	8.8
Brentwood	17,390	16,080	1,310	7.5	17,880	16,860	1,020	5.7	17,720	16,600	1,120	6.3
Bristol	12,580	11,410	1,160	9.2	12,640	11,720	920	7.3	12,850	11,780	1,070	8.3
Chattanooga	78,440	70,270	8,170	10.4	79,480	72,940	6,540	8.2	79,480	71,920	7,560	9.5
Clarksville	52,100	47,170	4,930	9.5	53,650	48,680	4,970	9.3	53,770	48,220	5,560	10.3
Cleveland	18,790	16,880	1,920	10.2	19,040	17,290	1,750	9.2	18,930	17,000	1,940	10.2
Collierville	19,660	18,100	1,550	7.9	19,660	18,420	1,240	6.3	19,470	18,100	1,370	7.0
Columbia	14,740	12,090	2,650	18.0	14,540	12,310	2,230	15.3	14,610	12,190	2,420	16.6
Cookeville	15,040	13,620	1,410	9.4	15,260	13,910	1,350	8.8	15,180	13,840	1,340	8.8
Franklin	31,710	29,030	2,680	8.5	32,490	30,430	2,060	6.3	32,060	29,960	2,100	6.5
Gallatin	13,820	12,190	1,630	11.8	14,070	12,780	1,290	9.2	14,090	12,580	1,520	10.7
Germantown	20,700	19,180	1,520	7.3	20,750	19,520	1,230	5.9	20,530	19,180	1,360	6.6
Hendersonville	25,230	23,060	2,180	8.6	26,240	24,170	2,070	7.9	26,040	23,790	2,240	8.6
Jackson	29,890	26,300	3,580	12.0	30,240	27,230	3,010	9.9	29,950	26,820	3,130	10.4
Johnson City	32,320	29,390	2,940	9.1	32,920	30,470	2,450	7.5	32,510	29,800	2,710	8.3
Kingsport	19,310	17,130	2,180	11.3	19,250	17,580	1,670	8.7	19,560	17,680	1,880	9.6
Knoxville	92,250	83,170	9,070	9.8	94,020	86,560	7,460	7.9	93,680	85,480	8,200	8.8
LaVergne	17,340	15,470	1,870	10.8	17,780	16,220	1,560	8.8	17,670	15,970	1,700	9.6
Lebanon	12,120	10,810	1,320	10.8	12,490	11,330	1,160	9.3	12,530	11,150	1,380	11.0
Maryville	12,940	11,600	1,330	10.3	13,130	12,070	1,060	8.1	13,070	11,920	1,150	8.8
Memphis	304,660	268,150	36,510	12.0	303,940	272,810	31,130	10.2	302,150	268,020	34,130	11.3
Morristown	12,400	10,720	1,680	13.5	12,530	11,120	1,410	11.2	12,420	10,920	1,500	12.1
Murfreesboro	54,880	49,220	5,660	10.3	56,080	51,590	4,490	8.0	55,760	50,800	4,960	8.9
Nashville	321,080	291,250	29,840	9.3	332,230	305,280	26,950	8.1	328,750	300,560	28,190	8.6
Oak Ridge	13,200	12,030	1,170	8.9	13,590	12,520	1,070	7.8	13,510	12,380	1,130	8.4
Smyrna	21,290	19,150	2,140	10.0	22,000	20,080	1,920	8.7	21,880	19,770	2,120	9.7
Spring Hill	13,560	12,050	1,510	11.1	13,630	12,500	1,130	8.3	13,470	12,330	1,140	8.4

Total nonfarm employment decreased by 5,000 jobs from December 2010 to January 2011. There were declines in retail trade (down 1,200 jobs), state government (down 1,000 jobs), leisure/hospitality (down 800 jobs), professional/business services (down 600 jobs), mining/logging/construction (down 400 jobs), and nondurable goods manufacturing, financial activities, and other services (each down 200 jobs).

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 2,900 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs increased by 700, while service-providing jobs increased by 2,200.



## ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

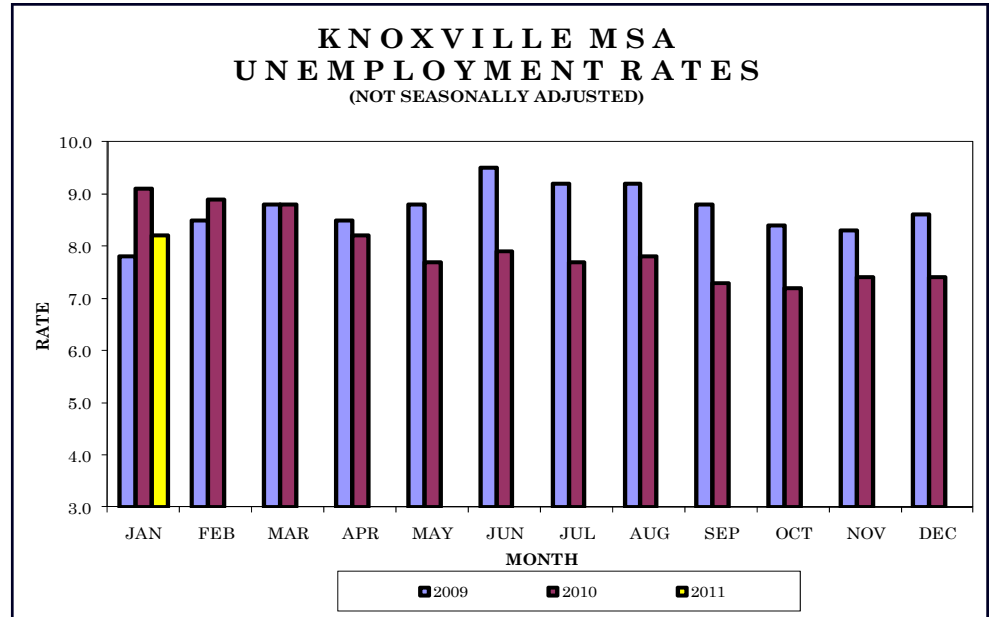
Industry	January 2010	Revised December 2010	Preliminary January 2010	Jan. 2010 Jan. 2011	Net Change Dec. 2010 Jan. 2011
Total Nonfarm	224.3	232.2	227.2	2.9	-5.0
Total Private	189.3	195.9	192.0	2.7	-3.9
Goods Producing	35.6	36.9	36.3	0.7	-0.6
Mining, Logging, & Construction	8.3	8.9	8.5	0.2	-0.4
Manufacturing	27.3	28.0	27.8	0.5	-0.2
Durable Goods Manufacturing	12.3	13.2	13.2	0.9	0.0
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	15.0	14.8	14.6	-0.4	-0.2
Service Providing	188.7	195.3	190.9	2.2	-4.4
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	47.9	50.4	49.0	1.1	-1.4
Wholesale Trade	8.1	8.4	8.3	0.2	-0.1
Retail Trade	24.0	24.6	23.4	-0.6	-1.2
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	15.8	17.4	17.3	1.5	-0.1
Information	3.7	3.7	3.7	0.0	0.0
Financial Activities	17.6	17.5	17.3	-0.3	-0.2
Professional & Business Services	21.4	22.0	21.4	0.0	-0.6
Educational & Health Services	30.9	31.5	31.4	0.5	-0.1
Leisure & Hospitality	21.6	23.1	22.3	0.7	-0.8
Other Services	10.6	10.8	10.6	0.0	-0.2
Government	35.0	36.3	35.2	0.2	-1.1
Federal Government	5.9	6.1	6.1	0.2	0.0
State Government	5.8	6.3	5.3	-0.5	-1.0
Local Government	23.3	23.9	23.8	0.5	-0.1
State and Local Government	29.1	30.2	29.1	0.0	-1.1



# Knoxville MSA - Anderson, Blount, Knox, Loudon, Union

Total nonfarm employment decreased by 6,100 jobs from December 2010 to January 2011. There were seasonal declines in retail trade and leisure/hospitality (both down 1,300 jobs); mining/logging/construction (down 900 jobs); professional/business services (down 700 jobs); state government (down 400 jobs); local government and educational/health services (both down 300 jobs); and transportation/ warehousing/utilities and financial activities (both down 200 jobs).

Over the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 5,700 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs



## ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

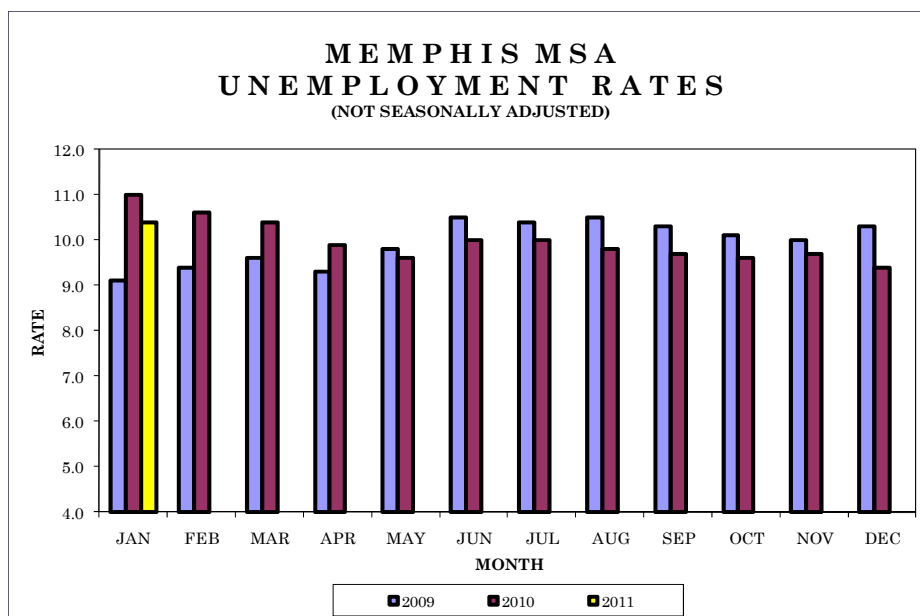
Industry	January 2010	Revised December 2010	Preliminary January 2011	Net Change Jan. 2010 Jan. 2011	Dec. 2010 Jan. 2011
Total Nonfarm	314.8	326.6	320.5	5.7	-6.1
Total Private	264.1	275.3	269.9	5.8	-5.4
Goods Producing	43.5	45.5	44.4	0.9	-1.1
Mining, Logging, & Construction	14.7	16.2	15.3	0.6	-0.9
Manufacturing	28.8	29.3	29.1	0.3	-0.2
Durable Goods Manufacturing	21.5	21.8	21.7	0.2	-0.1
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	7.3	7.5	7.4	0.1	-0.1
Service Providing	271.3	281.1	276.1	4.8	-5.0
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	66.0	68.7	67.1	1.1	-1.6
Wholesale Trade	16.0	15.8	15.7	-0.3	-0.1
Retail Trade	40.0	41.6	40.3	0.3	-1.3
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	10.0	11.3	11.1	1.1	-0.2
Information	5.4	5.5	5.4	0.0	-0.1
Financial Activities	16.9	16.7	16.5	-0.4	-0.2
Professional & Business Services	42.3	45.1	44.4	2.1	-0.7
Educational & Health Services	44.0	45.4	45.1	1.1	-0.3
Leisure & Hospitality	31.9	34.2	32.9	1.0	-1.3
Other Services	14.1	14.2	14.1	0.0	-0.1
Government	50.7	51.3	50.6	-0.1	-0.7
Federal Government	5.2	5.1	5.1	-0.1	0.0
State Government	16.3	16.5	16.1	-0.2	-0.4
Local Government	29.2	29.7	29.4	0.2	-0.3
State and Local Government	45.5	46.2	45.5	0.0	-0.7





Total nonfarm employment decreased by 14,700 jobs from December 2010 to January 2011. There were seasonal declines in professional/business services (down 6,900 jobs), which includes a decrease of 6,000 jobs in administrative/support/waste management; retail trade (down 2,700 jobs); leisure/hospitality (down 1,300 jobs); mining/logging/construction (down 900 jobs); transportation/warehousing/utilities (down 800 jobs); educational/health services (down 700 jobs); state government, nondurable goods manufacturing, and financial activities (each down 400 jobs); and other services (down 200 jobs). This was partially offset by an increase in local government (up 200 jobs).

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment decreased by 6,300 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs decreased by 900, while service-providing jobs declined by 5,400.



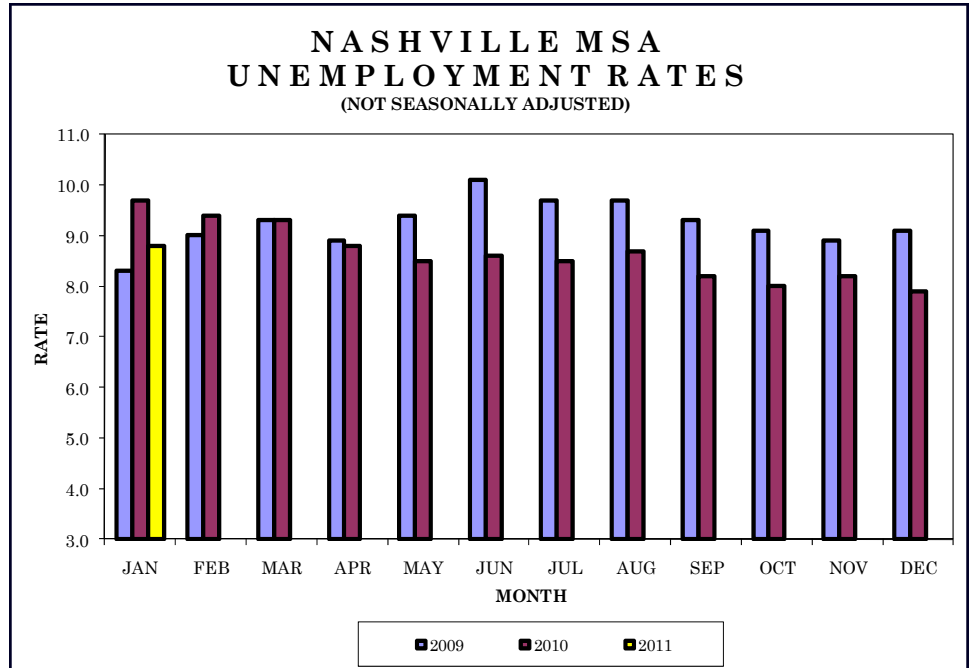
**ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)**

Industry	Revised		Preliminary	Net Change	
	January 2010	December 2010	January 2011	Jan. 2010 to Jan. 2011	Dec. 2010 to Jan. 2011
Total Nonfarm	582.6	591.0	576.3	-6.3	-14.7
Total Private	496.4	505.0	490.6	-5.8	-14.4
Goods Producing	62.5	62.9	61.6	-0.9	-1.3
Mining, Logging, & Construction	19.0	19.2	18.3	-0.7	-0.9
Manufacturing	43.5	43.7	43.3	-0.2	-0.4
Durable Goods Manufacturing	21.7	22.7	22.7	1.0	0.0
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	21.8	21.0	20.6	-1.2	-0.4
Service Providing	520.1	528.1	514.7	-5.4	-13.4
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	157.1	160.3	156.7	-0.4	-3.6
Wholesale Trade	32.0	32.3	32.2	0.2	-0.1
Retail Trade	64.5	66.4	63.7	-0.8	-2.7
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	60.6	61.6	60.8	0.2	-0.8
Information	6.4	6.4	6.4	0.0	0.0
Financial Activities	29.7	29.4	29.0	-0.7	-0.4
Professional & Business Services	73.8	80.1	73.2	-0.6	-6.9
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	18.9	19.2	18.3	-0.6	-0.9
Management of Companies & Enterprises	5.0	5.1	5.1	0.1	0.0
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	49.9	55.8	49.8	-0.1	-6.0
Educational & Health Services	80.1	81.4	80.7	0.6	-0.7
Leisure & Hospitality	62.4	60.5	59.2	-3.2	-1.3
Other Services	24.4	24.0	23.8	-0.6	-0.2
Government	86.2	86.0	85.7	-0.5	-0.3
Federal Government	14.4	14.0	13.9	-0.5	-0.1
State Government	13.2	13.4	13.0	-0.2	-0.4
Local Government	58.6	58.6	58.8	0.2	0.2
State and Local Government	71.8	72.0	71.8	0.0	-0.2



Total nonfarm employment decreased by 17,100 jobs from December 2010 to January 2011. There were seasonal declines in trade/transportation/utilities (down 5,300 jobs), which includes a drop of 3,600 jobs in retail trade and 1,400 jobs in transportation/warehousing/utilities; administrative/support/waste management (down 3,100 jobs); leisure/hospitality (down 2,400 jobs); mining/logging/construction (down 1,700 jobs); educational/health services (down 1,300 jobs), which includes a drop of 900 jobs in educational services; local government (down 1,200 jobs); state government (down 900 jobs); and other services (down 600 jobs).

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 16,300 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs increased by 1,700, while service-providing jobs increased by 14,600.



#### ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	January	Revised	Preliminary	Net Change	
	2010	December 2010	January 2011	Jan. 2010	Dec. 2010
				Jan. 2011	Jan. 2011
Total Nonfarm	714.7	748.1	731.0	16.3	-17.1
Total Private	609.1	638.0	623.1	14.0	-14.9
Goods Producing	88.0	91.6	89.7	1.7	-1.9
Mining, Logging, & Construction	28.1	31.5	29.8	1.7	-1.7
Manufacturing	59.9	60.1	59.9	0.0	-0.2
Durable Goods Manufacturing	38.3	38.6	38.6	0.3	0.0
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	21.6	21.5	21.3	-0.3	-0.2
Service Providing	626.7	656.5	641.3	14.6	-15.2
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	145.4	152.4	147.1	1.7	-5.3
Wholesale Trade	35.3	35.8	35.5	0.2	-0.3
Retail Trade	81.9	86.6	83.0	1.1	-3.6
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	28.2	30.0	28.6	0.4	-1.4
Information	19.4	19.6	19.3	-0.1	-0.3
Financial Activities	45.4	45.6	45.7	0.3	0.1
Professional & Business Services	92.1	101.6	98.4	6.3	-3.2
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	37.4	38.9	38.7	1.3	-0.2
Management of Companies & Enterprises	10.4	11.1	11.2	0.8	0.1
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	44.3	51.6	48.5	4.2	-3.1
Educational & Health Services	115.8	120.5	119.2	3.4	-1.3
Educational Services	21.3	22.6	21.7	0.4	-0.9
Health Care & Social Assistance	94.5	97.9	97.5	3.0	-0.4
Leisure & Hospitality	73.8	76.8	74.4	0.6	-2.4
Other Services	29.2	29.9	29.3	0.1	-0.6
Government	105.6	110.1	107.9	2.3	-2.2
Federal Government	12.6	12.4	12.3	-0.3	-0.1
State Government	28.5	29.4	28.5	0.0	-0.9
Local Government	64.5	68.3	67.1	2.6	-1.2
State and Local Government	93.0	97.7	95.6	2.6	-2.1

## Nonfarm Employment (Smaller MSAs)

	Clarksville, TN-KY MSA		***Cleveland, TN MSA		Jackson, TN MSA	
	December 2010	January 2011	December 2010	January 2011	December 2010	January 2011
	Revised	Prelim.	Revised	Prelim.	Revised	Prelim.
Total Nonfarm	83,200	82,500	39,500	39,400	57,600	57,500
Total Private	63,000	62,700	34,000	33,800	45,100	45,000
Goods Producing	12,700	12,500	9,800	9,700	11,200	11,200
Mining, Logging, & Construction	3,200	3,100	1,300	1,300	2,600	2,600
Manufacturing	9,500	9,400	8,500	8,400	8,600	8,600
Service Providing	70,500	70,000	29,700	29,700	46,400	46,300
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	15,600	15,700	6,600	6,600	11,400	11,400
Wholesale Trade	1,900	1,900	800	800	2,600	2,600
Retail Trade	11,400	11,400	4,600	4,600	7,300	7,300
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	2,300	2,400	1,200	1,200	1,500	1,500
Information	900	1,000	300	300	600	600
Financial Activities	2,600	2,600	1,500	1,500	1,700	1,700
Professional & Business Services	8,400	8,400	3,000	3,000	4,000	4,000
Educational & Health Services	10,500	10,400	6,100	6,100	8,900	8,800
Leisure & Hospitality	9,000	8,900	4,200	4,200	5,300	5,300
Other Services	3,300	3,200	2,500	2,400	2,000	2,000
Government	20,200	19,800	5,500	5,600	12,500	12,500
Federal Government	6,800	6,700	300	300	500	500
State Government	3,300	3,200	700	700	1,900	1,900
Local Government	10,100	9,900	4,500	4,600	10,100	10,100
State and Local Government	13,400	13,100	5,200	5,300	12,000	12,000

	Johnson City, TN MSA		Kingsport/Bristol, TN-VA MSA		***Morristown, TN MSA	
	December 2010	January 2011	December 2010	January 2011	December 2010	January 2011
	Revised	Prelim.	Revised	Prelim.	Revised	Prelim.
Total Nonfarm	78,700	78,200	117,600	117,500	44,700	44,500
Total Private	61,000	60,600	100,700	100,600	37,600	37,400
Goods Producing	10,600	10,500	26,900	26,700	12,600	12,600
Mining, Logging, & Construction	2,700	2,600	6,400	6,300	1,800	1,800
Manufacturing	7,900	7,900	20,500	20,400	10,800	10,800
Service Providing	68,100	67,700	90,700	90,800	32,100	31,900
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	13,500	13,500	23,700	24,000	10,100	10,100
Wholesale Trade	2,300	2,300	4,400	4,400	1,800	1,800
Retail Trade	10,000	10,000	15,500	15,800	6,000	6,000
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	1,200	1,200	3,800	3,800	2,300	2,300
Information	2,000	2,000	2,200	2,200	500	500
Financial Activities	4,400	4,400	4,200	4,300	1,200	1,200
Professional & Business Services	7,300	7,300	8,100	8,100	3,100	3,100
Educational & Health Services	12,600	12,500	19,400	19,300	5,500	5,400
Leisure & Hospitality	8,000	7,900	11,900	11,800	3,200	3,200
Other Services	2,600	2,500	4,300	4,200	1,400	1,300
Government	17,700	17,600	16,900	16,900	7,100	7,100
Federal Government	2,700	2,700	1,100	1,100	300	300
State Government	6,500	6,400	2,200	2,200	1,300	1,300
Local Government	8,500	8,500	13,600	13,600	5,500	5,500
State and Local Government	15,000	14,900	15,800	15,800	6,800	6,800

\*\*\* These metro areas had their funding restored by BLS, effective June 2009

**Clarksville MSA** is Montgomery County, Stewart County, Christian County, KY, & Trigg County, KY. **Cleveland MSA** is Bradley & Polk counties. **Jackson MSA** is Chester & Madison counties. **Johnson City MSA** is Carter, Unicoi, & Washington counties. **Kingsport-Bristol MSA** is Hawkins County, Sullivan County, Scott County, VA, Washington County, VA, & Bristol City, VA. **Morristown MSA** is Grainger, Hamblen, & Jefferson counties.

# U.S. Consumer Price Index January 2011

Group	All Urban Consumers			Wage & Clerical Earners		
	Index	Percent Change		Index	Percent Change	
		Yearly	Monthly		Yearly	Monthly
<b>U.S. City Average</b>						
All Items (1982-84=100)	220.223	1.6	0.5	216.400	1.8	0.5
Food and beverages	223.160	1.8	0.9	222.385	1.8	0.9
Housing	216.739	0.4	0.3	213.442	0.4	0.3
Apparel	116.664	0.0	-1.2	115.649	-0.6	-1.3
Transportation	200.835	5.4	1.3	200.635	5.9	1.4
Medical care	393.858	2.9	0.5	395.536	3.2	0.5
<b>South</b>						
All Items (1982-84=100)	213.589	1.7	0.5	211.216	1.8	0.6
Food and beverages	221.085	1.8	0.9	219.871	1.8	0.9
Housing	201.215	0.4	0.3	200.695	0.4	0.3
Apparel	125.582	-1.5	-1.2	124.814	-2.0	-1.4
Transportation	199.298	6.0	1.6	198.281	6.7	1.8
Medical care	374.853	2.9	0.3	379.730	3.2	0.3

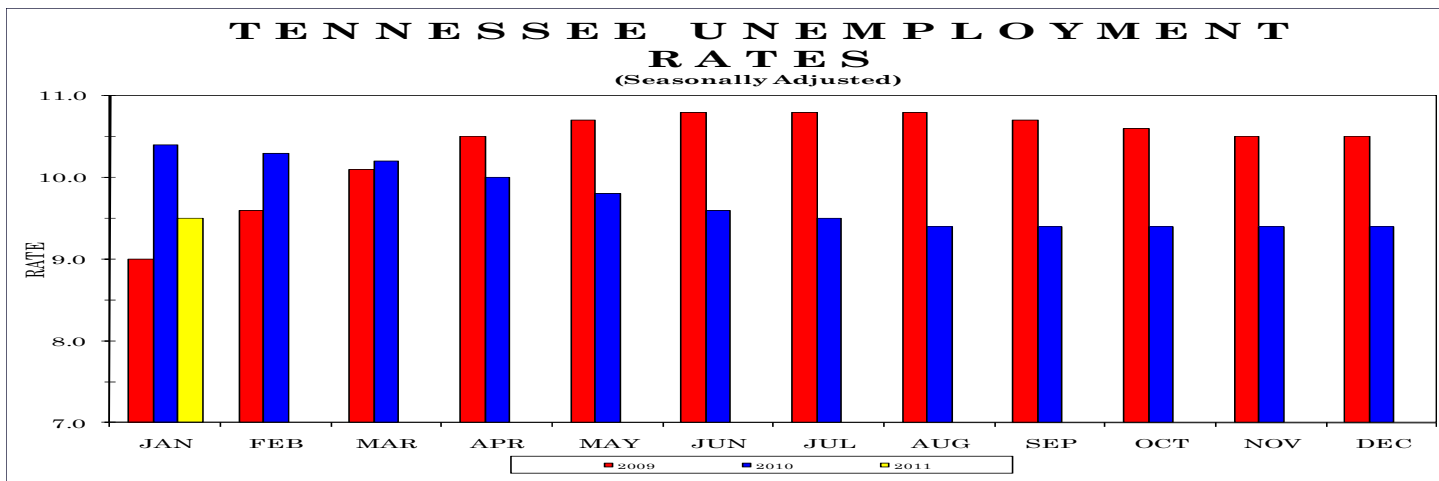
## HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVG. HOURLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS		
	Jan.	Dec.	Jan.	Jan.	Dec.	Jan.	Jan.	Dec.	Jan.
	2010	2010	2011	2010	2010	2011	2010	2010	2011
Manufacturing	\$596.16	\$640.38	\$638.63	\$14.72	\$16.09	\$16.25	40.5	39.8	39.3
Durable Goods	\$592.52	\$671.72	\$666.51	\$14.85	\$16.92	\$17.09	39.9	39.7	39.0
Non-Durable Goods	\$599.87	\$598.80	\$600.26	\$14.56	\$14.97	\$15.12	41.2	40.0	39.7

## \*\*ALL EMPLOYEE HOURS AND EARNINGS

	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVG. HOURLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS		
	Dec.	Nov.	Dec.	Dec.	Nov.	Dec.	Dec.	Nov.	Dec.
	2009	2010	2010	2009	2010	2010	2009	2010	2010
Total Private	\$690.30	\$710.34	\$709.45	\$19.50	\$20.18	\$20.27	35.4	35.2	35.0
Goods Producing	\$855.11	\$907.90	\$906.34	\$21.01	\$21.72	\$22.16	40.7	41.8	40.9
Mining, Logging and Construction	\$741.47	\$769.73	\$758.66	\$20.37	\$20.15	\$20.56	36.4	38.2	36.9
Manufacturing	\$895.06	\$958.11	\$960.78	\$21.21	\$22.23	\$22.66	42.2	43.1	42.4
Private Service Providing	\$650.97	\$667.89	\$663.94	\$19.09	\$19.76	\$19.76	34.1	33.8	33.6
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	\$646.56	\$655.40	\$652.90	\$17.96	\$18.41	\$18.34	36.0	35.6	35.6
Information	\$852.91	\$912.05	\$910.57	\$23.24	\$24.65	\$24.61	36.7	37.0	37.0
Financial Activities	\$782.81	\$838.09	\$837.35	\$21.33	\$22.59	\$22.57	36.7	37.1	37.1
Professional and Business Services	\$825.33	\$843.39	\$836.80	\$22.55	\$23.17	\$23.18	36.6	36.4	36.1
Education and Health Services	\$709.80	\$728.97	\$726.66	\$21.00	\$22.09	\$22.02	33.8	33.0	33.0
Leisure and Hospitality	\$312.18	\$298.75	\$293.58	\$11.87	\$11.67	\$11.65	26.3	25.6	25.2
Other Services	\$544.83	\$557.76	\$556.08	\$16.51	\$16.80	\$17.11	33.0	33.2	32.5

\*\* Data represent a one-month lag.





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